

Inspection Da	te:
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#### NOTICE OF DEFENSIBLE SPACE INSPECTION

A fire department representative has inspected your property for fire hazards.				
owner/tenant:	INSPECTION ADDRES	SS:		
INSPECTOR NAME:	CONTACT NUMBER:	Inspection No. 1 2 3	No Violations Observed	
Zone 1 / Within 30 feet of a	I structures or to the p	roperty line (Refer to illustrati	on below):	
<ul> <li>D. Remove all dead and dying group in the property of the property of</li></ul>	er vegetation on roofs, gutters inches that overhang roofs, be less, plants, shrubs, trees, bran intain spacing between vege and items that could catch fire	s, decks, porches, stairways, etc. elow or adjacent to windows, or which	limbs; separate plants and nbustible decks, balconies,	
<sup>o</sup> Zone 2 / Within 30–100 fee	t of all structures or to	the property line:		
<ul> <li>➡.Cut annual grasses and forbs down to a maximum height of 4 inches.</li> <li>□ I. Remove fuels to create proper horizontal and vertical spacing among shrubs and trees, and remove lower tree limbs (see diagrams on back).</li> <li>□ J. All exposed wood piles must have a minimum of 10 feet clearance, down to bare mineral soil, in all directions.</li> <li>□ K. Remove all dead and dying trees, branches, shrubs, or other plants, and surface debris. Loose surface litter, consisting of fallen leaves or needles, twigs, bark and cones, shall be permitted to a depth of 3 inches.</li> </ul>				
Other Requirements / Within	n 100 feet of all structu	ures or to the property line:		
□ L. Logs or stumps embedded in the □ M.Outbuildings and Liquid Propan vegetation for an additional 10 □ N.Address numbers shall be displa	e Gas (LPG) storage tanks st feet around their exterior. ayed in contrasting colors (4'	plated from other vegetation.  hall have 10 feet of clearance to bare to make the stree aving openings between 3/8 inch and	t or access road.	
		e hereby notified to correct the viola plations may result in a citation and		
COMMENTS:				

**REINSPECTION DATE ON OR AFTER:** 



#### **KNOW THE LAW BE FIRE SMART**

100 feet of Defensible Space is required by law. Regulations can be found in 14 CCR § 1299.03, PRC § 4291, BOF General Guidelines, CFC § 505.1, CBC § 2113.9.2. California Building Code Chapter 7A requires certain construction materials and methods for homes in wildland areas. Contact your local fire department for additional requirements to ensure your home is compliant with the law. For more information on laws and codes go to:

#### **READYFORWILDFIRE.ORG/THELAW**

PRC § 4119. The department, or its duly authorized agent, shall enforce the state forest and fire laws. The department may inspect all properties, except the interior of dwellings, subject to the state forest and fire laws, for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with such laws.

# WILDFIRE IS COMING. ARE YOU READY?

# **ZONE 0 WITH HOME HARDENING**

Science has proven the 0 to 5-foot ember-resistant zone to be critical for protecting homes during wildfires. Eliminating flammable materials and vegetation is essential to prevent flying embers from igniting structures. Defensible space and home hardening are necessary to increase the chances of surviving a wildfire. Take action now to prepare and protect your home before a fire occurs.

# **Priority list for building** or remodeling with ignition-resistant\*

- Roof (Above all else your roofing is the most important hardening feature)
- Eaves and Soffits
- Walls
- Decks
- **Patio Cover**
- **Fencing**

#### Other priority activities:

- Vents: Cover and protect all openings.
- Windows: Protect against blow-outs and install dual-paned windows
- Rain Gutters: Screen or
- Chimney: Cover outlets with non-combustible screens.
- Garage: Have an accessible fire extinguisher.
- **Driveways:** Ensure access to your home complies with local
- Water Supply: Have multiple garden hoses that are long enough to reach all areas of your home.

\*Visit ReadyforWildfire.org/hardening-yourhome for detailed information on ignition-resistant building materials and all home hardening activities.



#### VERTICAL SPACING

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Eliminate opportunities for a vertical "fire ladder" by:

- Remove branches beneath large trees for a 6-foot minimum clearance.
- Create proper vertical spacing between shrubs and the lowest branches of trees by using the formula shown.



### HORIZONTAL SPACING

The spacing between grass, shrubs, and trees is crucial to reduce the spread of wildfire. The spacing needed is determined by the type and size of the shrubs and trees, as well as the slope of the land. For example, a property on a steep slope with larger plant life will require greater spacing between trees and shrubs than a level property that has small, sparse vegetation.

#### Fire-Safe Landscaping

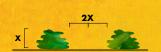
Fire-safe landscaping isn't necessarily the same thing as a well-maintained yard. Fire-safe landscaping uses fire-resistant plants that are strategically planted to resist the spread of fire to your home.

#### **Dead Tree Removal**

If you have dead or dying trees on your property the entire tree needs to be removed to reduce wildfire risk. Visit ReadyforWildfire.org/dead-tree-removal to learn about permit requirements.

#### **FUEL SEPARATION**

**SHRUBS** 



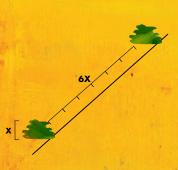


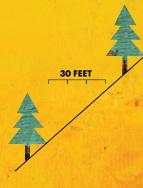
FLAT TO MILD SLOPE (LESS THAN 20%)





MILD TO MODERATE SLOPE (20%-40%)





MODERATE TO STEEP SLOPE (GREATER THAN 40%)

## READY FOR WILDFIRE

n more important to keep on top of preparing your family home, and property er before. Create a custom wildfire preparedness plan and more









readyforwildfire.org burnpermit.fire.ca.gov

fire.ca.gov/dspace